#### **Flexible and printable organic optical devices**

January 18, 2008

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#### **Flexible OLEDs**





At present, research and development of organic electro-optical devices has been rapidly performed on a global scale with the aim of creating new soft electronics based on organic molecules with  $\pi$  bonds.

### Motivation and Research themes



## Organic LEDs (OLEDs)



Fig. Typical OLED structure



- **Thin and lightweight**
- Fabricated by wet processing (solution process)



Broad emission spectrum



By mixing different materials,

easy to realize white emission

Fig. Flexible OLED device

### **Mechanism of OLED emission**



Table. Comparison of emissive materials

	Emission process	response	Material in this study
Fluorescent material	Fluorescence	~ ns	PFO, DCJTI etc.
	Delay fluorescence	10 ~ 100μs	Eu(dbm) <sub>3</sub> phen etc.
Phosphorescent material	Phosphorescence	~ μ <b>s</b>	lr(ppy) <sub>3</sub> , <mark>lr(piq)<sub>3</sub>, Flrpic</mark>

## Application

#### **White emission by blending two or three colors.**

Ex. Red + Green + Blue → White

Red + Blue → White

- Evaluation of response characteristics of emitters.
- Application for "Color-tunable OLEDs"

Color adjustment for full-color displays Color-tunable lighting devices





Fig. Changes of the CIE coordinates at pulse drive



# Application II



• Organic Light Emitting and Receiving Devices (OLED/LD/PD)

- Polymeric Waveguide
- Plastic Optical Fiber (POF)

Flexible Electro-Optic Integrated Devices

### Research Unit

