

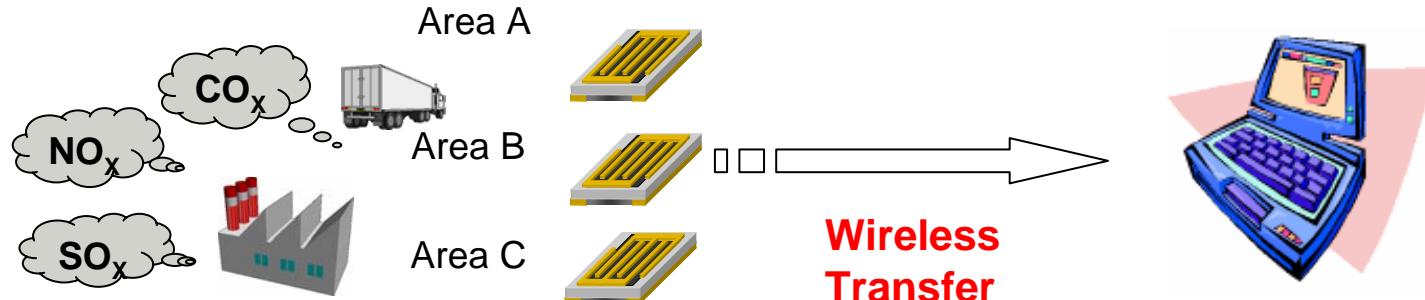
# **Research and Development of Smart Integrated Sensing System**

Shin-ichi Honda, Hidemitsu Aoki, Toshimasa Matsuoka,  
Masayuki Abe, and Masato Morifuji

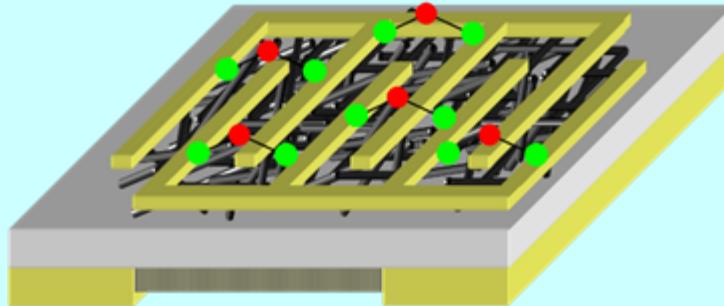
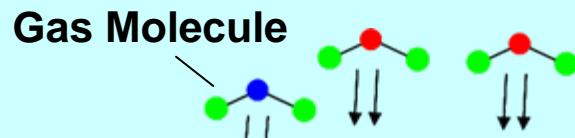
*Division of Electrical, Electronic and Information Engineering,  
Graduate School of Engineering, Osaka University*

# Background

## Ubiquitous sensing system



Ultrasensitive and low-power-consumption gas sensing device



Gas Sensing Device

### Requirements for ubiquitous sensing:

- High sensitivity
- Low-power consumption
- Molecular recognition
- Wireless communication

# Joint research systems (IDER unit)

## Synthesis of gas-sensing materials

Leader: Honda

Winadda, Fujii, Murata, Yoshihara, Ishida,  
Inoue, Tanaka (Katayama Lab.)

## Characterization of gas-sensing materials

Sub-leader: Abe

Sugimoto (Osaka Univ. FRC)  
Sawada (Morita Lab.)  
Nagamura, Go (Unisoku Co., Ltd.)

## Fabrication of gas-sensing devices

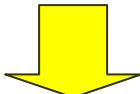
Sub-leader: Aoki

Hyeon, Miyano, Hotta (Sugino Lab.)

## Design and simulation of gas-sensing devices and circuits

Sub-leader: Matsuoka, Morifuji

Wang, Kihara, Kim, Choji, Rin (Taniguchi Lab.)

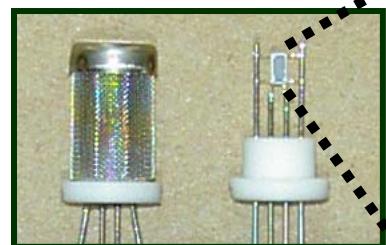


Adviser: Prof. Taniguchi, Prof. Katayama

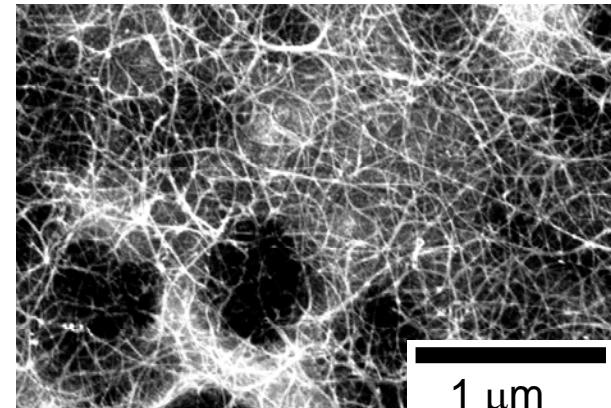
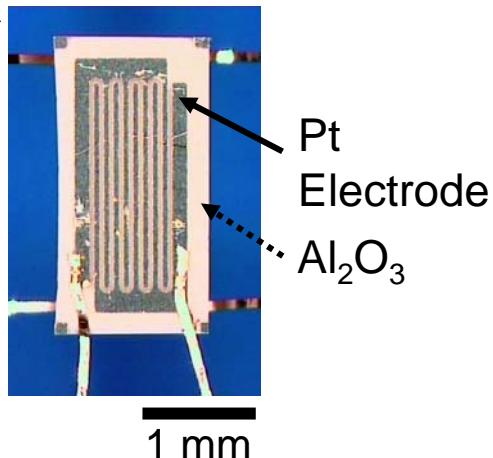
Improvement of performance and functionality of gas-sensing devices  
→ Application to environment

# Results

## Single-walled carbon nanotube thin-film sensor



Gas sensing device



Single-walled carbon nanotube (CNT) network

### Charge transfer due to gas adsorption

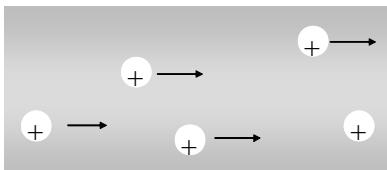
Electrons transfer from single-walled CNTs to oxidizing gas molecules



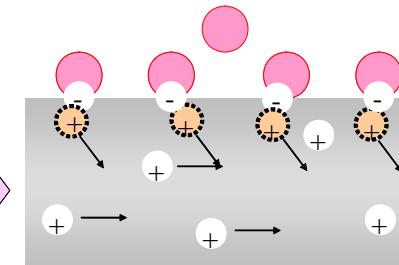
Conductance of the CNTs changes  
(Hole density of the CNTs increases)

- Oxidizing gas molecule
- Electron
- ⊕ Hole

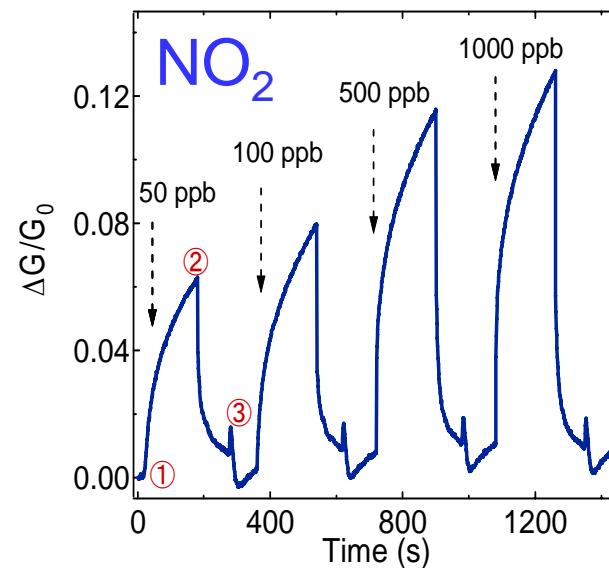
### Semiconducting CNT



Before adsorption

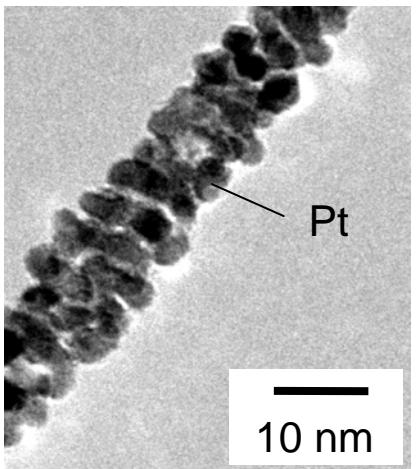


After adsorption

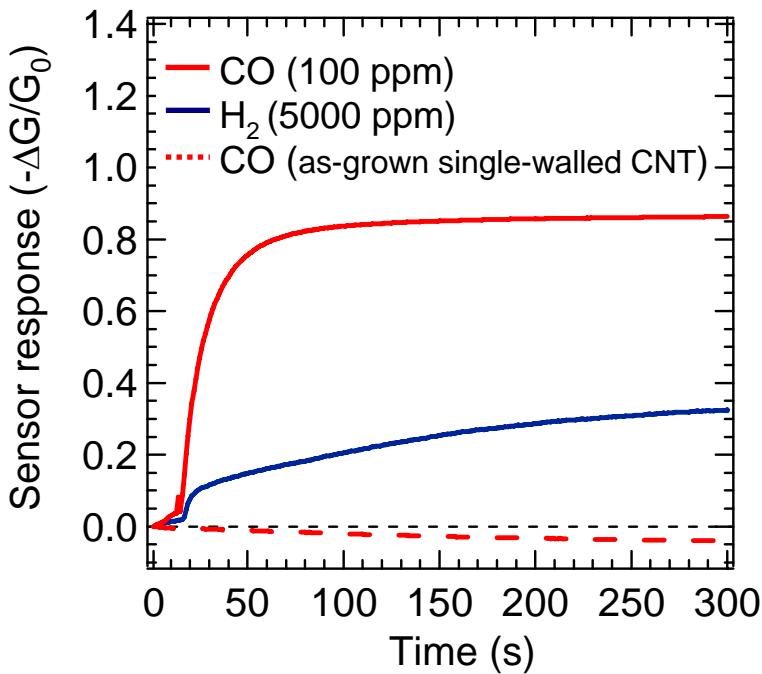
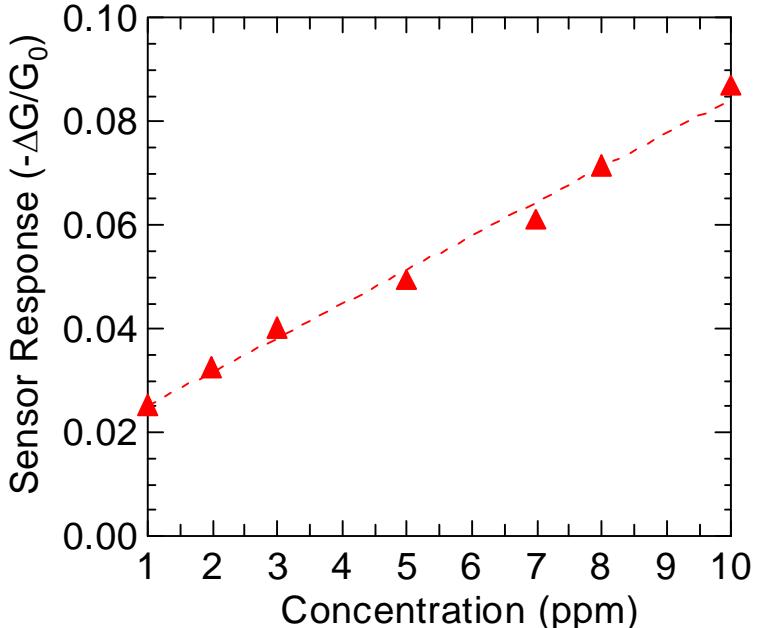


- Sensor response ( $\Delta G/G_0$ ):  $\Delta G = G_{\text{gas}} - G_0$ ,  
 $G_{\text{gas}}$ =sensor conductance after gas exposure,  
 $G_0$ =sensor conductance before gas exposure
- ① & ③: heater off, ②: heater on

# **Highly sensitive and selective detection of CO using Pt-decorated single-walled CNT**

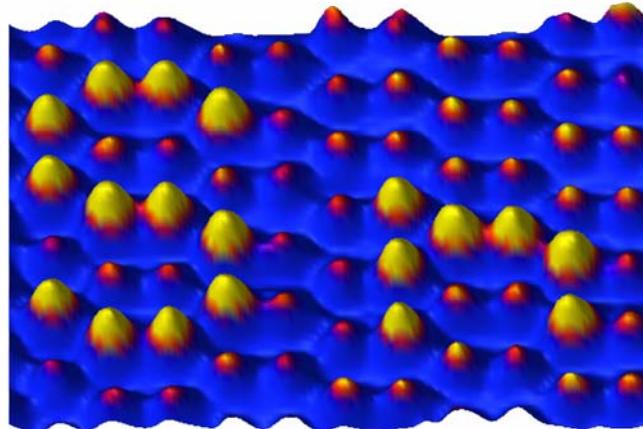
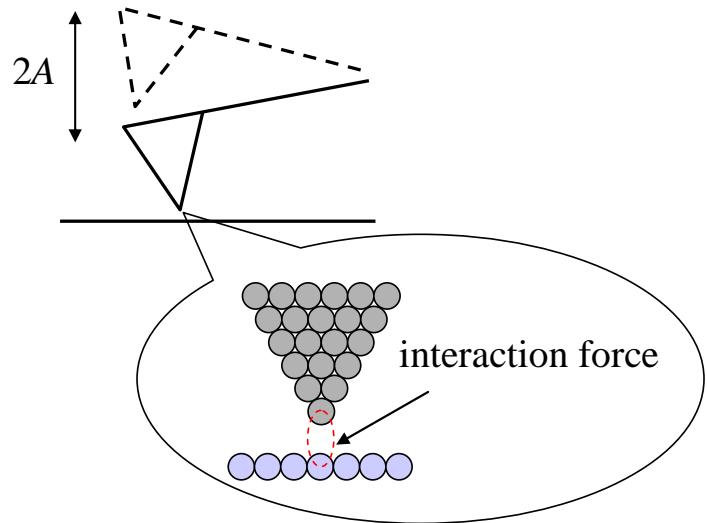


**Pt-decorated single-walled CNT  
(Pt thickness: 5 nm)**



- CO detection down to 1 ppm
- gas selectivity against H<sub>2</sub>
- quantitative detection of CO in a low-concentration range

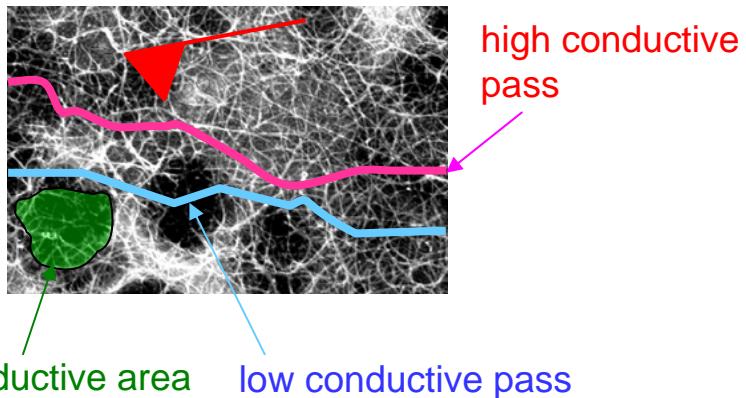
### Tool: Dynamic Force Microscopy (DFM)



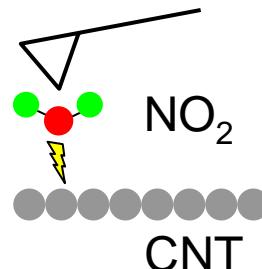
atom manipulation and imaging  
at room temperature  
(*Nature Materials* 4, 156 (2005))

In this IDER, we will perform

#### 1. nano-electric properties



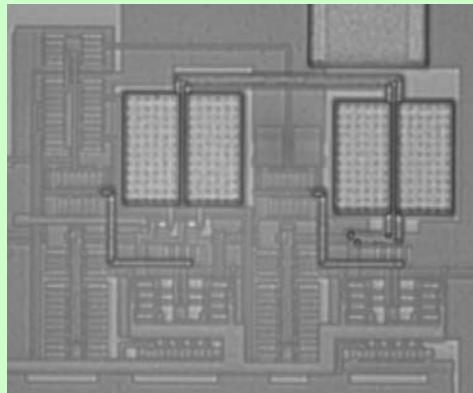
#### 2. molecular manipulation and estimation of potential barrier



# Research Plans (III)

## IC Design for Smart Integrated Sensing System

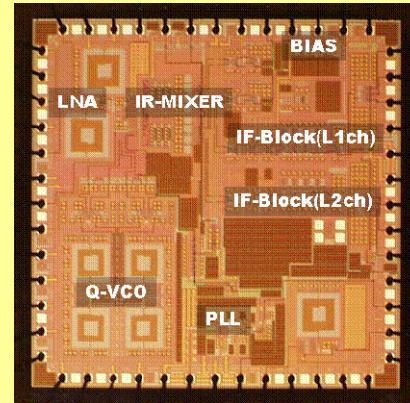
### High-Precision Low-Power Analog Circuits for Sensing System



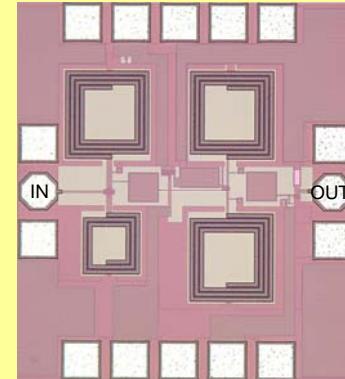
1.5V  $\Delta$ - $\Sigma$  A/D Converter  
(0.25  $\mu$ m CMOS)

(IEICE Trans. Electron J90-C, 662 (2007).)

### RF CMOS Circuits for Wireless Data Acquisition and Control



GPS Receiver  
RF Front-end  
(0.25  $\mu$ m CMOS)  
(IEICE Trans. Electron E88-C, 1275 (2005).)



5GHz Low Noise  
Amplifier  
(150 nm FD-SOI CMOS)  
(IEICE Trans. Fundamentals A E90-A, 317 (2007).)

### Approach for CNT Sensing System

- IC Design through Circuit Simulation
- Circuit & System Implementation
- CNT Characterization with IC Chip